## Choosing among alternatives:

Conjunction variability comes from both inference and the semantics of discourse adverbials

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## Discourse coherence

## Recipe for whipped cream frosting:

Put cream cheese and whipping cream into a bowl. (then)
Add sugar and vanilla. (then)


Beat the mixture until the cream can hold a stiff peak. (then)
Cover cakes with this frosting that won't melt at room temperature.
Otherwise you'll be left with soggy cupcakes.
$\rightarrow$ Some relations can be left implicit; others can't.

## This tak: Recovering implicit relations

- A puzzle for existing models of coherence relations

Applications of coherence inferences

- Conjunction-insertion experiment
$\rightarrow$ Results show role for inference alongside explicit cues


## A puzzle

- Deduction of implicit information from juxtaposed sentences

It's too far to walk. Let's take the bus.
Infer alternatives: walk/bus as means of transport Infer causal relation: too far, therefore bus

It's too far to walk so let's take the bus.

- Assumption: A passage marks its coherence relation either explicitly or implicitly - i.e., if explicit connective is present, no need for further inference about additional relations.

It's too far to walk. ${ }^{\text {so }}$. ${ }^{\text {? }}$ nstead let's take the bus.

## Coherence relations in NLP

## Question-answering

## Query: "why treat strep throat?"



[^0]
## Coherence relations in text

## Question-answering

## Query: "why treat strep throat?"

## Query: "how to treat strep throat?"



What is the strep throat treatment?
Once you or your child have been diagnosed with strep throat, you will need to be treated in order to successfully fight off the infection and avoid complications. The most common treatment for strep throat is antibiotics. In particular, the three most common antibiotics used to treat strep throat are amoxicillin, penicillin, and cephalexin. Typically, amoxicillin or penicillin will be prescribed, unless there is an allergy to those medications. In that case, cephalexin is often prescribed instead.

[^1]
## Coherence relations in text

Question-answering
Query: "why treat strep throat?"
Query: "how to treat strep throat?"
$\rightarrow$ Extraction of best answer may depend on linked clauses
$\rightarrow$ Links may not always be explicit

## Coherence relations in text

Question-answering

- Text generation, automatic summarisation:

Systems must decide what to make explicit to sound natural.

- Coreference resolution

Best antecedent may vary across coherence relations.

- Given this utility, large-scale annotated resources have been developed.


## Back to the puzzle

- Assumption: A passage marks its coherence relation either explicitly or implicitly - i.e., if explicit connective is present, no need for further inference about additional relations.

It's too far to walk. Nnstead let's take the bus.

- Question: Are additional inferences necessary even when an explicit cue is present?


## Psycholinguistic studies

1. Do inferable discourse relations hold when a discourse adverbial is already present?
$\rightarrow$ Yes, adverbials license co-occurring conjunctions
2. How to characterise discourse adverbials with respect to inferred relations?
$\rightarrow$ Not predictable from adverbial or semantic class
$\rightarrow$ More than one valid connection in some cases
3. How to account for unexpected combinations?
$\rightarrow$ Multiple simultaneous sources of coherence

## Conjunction-insertion (presented TextLink 2015)

```
ConnText
```

Trial

## Show Instructions

I don't mind walking // in fact it's good exercise

Conjunction:
Or

- But
- Because
- None at all

Once you have made your selections, press submit to complete the trial. To

- So
share additional comments about this trial, please click here.
And
- Before

Submit
Other word or phrase
$\rightarrow$ Update: current dataset of judgments for 50 adverbials, each in 50+ passages, each passage judged by 28 people... 70,000+ data points

## Passages in dataset

- Materials: for each adverbial, 50+ passages (mostly) from NYTimes Annotated Corpus (Sandhaus, 2008)
- Half originally explicit
"Nervous? No, my leg's not shaking," said Griffey, who caused everyone to laugh // ___ indeed his right foot was shaking.

> Author=BECAUSE

- Half originally implicit

Sellers are usually happy, too // after all they are the ones leaving with money.

Author=NONE
Adverbials include: ACTUALLY, AFTER ALL, FIRST OF ALL, FOR EXAMPLE, FOR INSTANCE, IN FACT, IN OTHER WORDS, INDEED, INSTEAD, NEVERTHELESS, NONETHELESS, ON THE ONE HAND, ON THE OTHER HAND, OTHERWISE, SPECIFICALLY, THEN, THEREFORE, THUS, ...

## Judgments from naive annotators

- Each passage viewed by 28 participants.
- Instructions:

Find conjunction to 'best reflect meaning of connection'
between text spans


- Catch trials

You can lead a horse to water // $\qquad$ you can't make it drink

## Hypotheses for implicit passages

- Variability across adverbials: Do implicit passages pattern uniformly or vary across adverbials (by semantic type)?
- Variability within adverbials: Does the adverbial predict the same conjunction for all passages?
- If deterministic $\rightarrow$

- If not $\rightarrow$



## Implicit passages

- On one hand, we saw some consistency in semantically related adverbial pairs.



## Implicit passages

- But also divergence for near synonyms or for adverbials of a similar type (e.g., modal stance)

actually

indeed

in fact

- Adverbial itself matters, as does passage content.
and because
before
but or so other none

then

therefore

actually

for instance


instead


however

first of all

on the one hand

after all



## Cases of disagreement

- Adverbial-specific patterns arise: e.g., Author~Participant divergence with otherwise
"The Ravitch camp has had about 25 fund-raisers and has scheduled 20 more. Thirty others are in various stages of planning," Ms. Marcus said. "It has to be highly organized // $\qquad$ otherwise it's total chaos," she added.

> Author=OR
> 17 Participants=OR
> 11 Participants=BECAUSE

- Not noise
- Not evidence of ambiguity

Improbable combinations, but perfectly fine

## Implications for annotation efforts

- Disagreements are not errors, contra prior work on:
- Demonstrations that naive annotators can reliably infer discourse relations (Scholman et al., 2016)
- Corrections for unreliable/inattentive participants (Hovy et al. 2013, Passonneau \& Carpenter 2014)
- Importance of many annotators for reducing bias (Artstein \& Poesio, 2005, 2008)
- All with similar assumption of a single correct answer


## Summary so far

- Multiple connectives: Establish necessity of entertaining implicit relations when adverbial is present
- Context sensitivity: Adverbial alone does not completely predict discourse relation

- Informative disagreement: Demonstrate possibility of divergent valid annotations


## e.g., Adverbials that encode 'alternative'

- Lexical semantics of certain adverbials licenses OR
- Inference from passage content licenses BECAUSE, SO, BUT, etc.

Gouges are deep scratches that must be filled as well as colored ___ otherwise they will collect dirt and become permanently discolored.
$\rightarrow$ otherwise encodes 'otherness' (OR)
$\rightarrow$ passage requires causal reasoning (BECAUSE)
Unfortunately, nearly 75,000 acres of tropical forest are converted or deforested every day ___ in other words an area the size of Central Park disappears every 16 minutes.
$\rightarrow$ in other words encodes 'otherness' (OR)
$\rightarrow$ reformulation conveys consequence (SO)

## e.g., Adverbials that encode 'alternative'

- Adverbial meaning: otherwise and in other words license OR
- Additional pragmatic inference: Passage content licenses BECAUSE in some cases, SO in others

- What determines coherence relation with otherwise?


## Different underlying pragmatic logic

argumentation Proper placement of the testing device is an important issue ___ otherwise the test results will be inaccurate.
"a reason to place the test properly is to avoid inaccuracy"
enumeration A baked potato, plonked on a side plate with sour cream flecked with chives, is the perfect accompaniment $\qquad$ otherwise you could serve a green salad and some good country bread.
"there's more than one option for a side: potato or salad"
exception Mr. Lurie and Mr. Jarmusch actually catch a shark, a thrashing 10-footer $\qquad$ otherwise the action is light.
"shark catching is a special case; generally action is light"

## New study: Insert conjunction(s)

Materials: 48 passages with otherwise (16 argumentation, 16 exception, 16 enumeration)

Participants: 28 participants
Task 1: Find best conjunction(s) for meaning of connection
Task 2: Find paraphrase of that meaning

## Results

argumentation Proper placement of the testing device is an important issue ___ otherwise the test results will be inaccurate.
$\rightarrow$ Prediction confirmed: OR/BECAUSE [99\%]


## Results

enumeration A baked potato, plonked on a side plate with sour cream flecked with chives, is the perfect accompaniment $\qquad$ otherwise you could serve a green salad and some good country bread.
$\rightarrow$ Prediction confirmed: OR/BUT [98\%]


## Results

exception Mr. Lurie and Mr. Jarmusch actually catch a shark, a thrashing 10-footer $\qquad$ otherwise the action is light.
$\rightarrow$ Prediction confirmed: BUT [92\%]


## Summary: Choosing among alternatives

- Multiple co-occurring relations

It's too far to walk. Let's take the bus.

- Inference even with explicit cues

It's too far to walk. Instead let's take the bus.
Better to take the buspr otherwise you'll have to walk.

- Informative disagreement

Thanks!

## Paraphrase results

|  | Participant |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Researcher | Argumentation | ENUMERATION | Exception | Multiple |
| ARGUMENTATION | $401(91.5 \%)$ | 4 | 25 | 18 |
| ENUMERATION | 23 | $364(81.4 \%)$ | 46 | 14 |
| EXCEPTION | 21 | 29 | $393(87.7 \%)$ | 5 |

Table 1: Researcher labels assigned to otherwise passages vs. labels implied by participant paraphrases

## Proper placement of the testing device is an important issue otherwise the test results will be inaccurate.

"a reason to place the test properly is to avoid inaccuracy"
"inaccurate test results are a special case; generally proper placement is important"

## Results



Democrats insist that the poor should be the priority, and that tax relief should be directed at them $\qquad$ otherwise they lack a cogent vision of the needs of a new economy.

He said that the proposed bill would give states more flexibility in deciding whether they wanted to use the Federal money for outright grants to municipalities or to set up loan programs $\qquad$ otherwise it left last fall's Congressional legislation unchanged.

## Results: <br> "In other words"

Unfortunately, nearly 75,000 acres of tropical forest are converted or deforested every day ___ in other words an area the size of Central Park disappears every 16 minutes.
$\rightarrow$ in other words encodes 'otherness' (OR)
$\rightarrow$ reformulation conveys consequence (SO)
Unfortunately, nearly $\mathbf{7 5 , 0 0 0}$ acres of tropical forest are converted or deforested every day. I don't know where I heard that $\qquad$ in other words an area the size of Central Park disappears every 16 minutes.
$\rightarrow$ intervening material blocks adjacency preferred for OR/SO, allowing more uses of BUT to emerge



[^0]:    ○ \ll ( 1 目 $\equiv$ mydrnow.com

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    length of your illness. It is extremely important to treat strep throat completely and adequately otherwise, certain complications may occur. Some of the most common complications of strep throat can include:

[^1]:    to numb the throat, and/or lozenges to help alleviate the sore throat. Children should only take Tylenol, unless you are directed to give them children's ibuprofen in a certain dosage.

